

Our Ref: DA/50/2019; FM7.2

14 July 2020

Rick Drew  
Burnett Country Certifiers  
12/58 Newton St  
MONTQ QLD 4630

Email: [rick@burnettcc.com.au](mailto:rick@burnettcc.com.au)

Dear Sir,

**ADOPTED INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGE NOTICE**

**DA/50/2019 - MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE - IMPACT  
TOURIST PARK (12 GUESTS (14 SITES AND LODGE))  
135 NEWTONS ROAD, ROSEDALE QLD 4674  
LOT 15 RP 619121**

Reference is made to Council's Decision Notice for Tourist Park (12 Guests (14 Sites and Lodge)) at 135 Newtons Road, ROSEDALE QLD 4674 which was approved by Council on 7 July 2020.

Please find attached an Adopted Infrastructure Charge Notice which details the infrastructure charges applicable for the above mentioned development.

Please note, if paying by credit card a surcharge will apply.

Should you have any queries in relation to this matter, please contact Council's Planning Officer Rhianne McMullen-Legdin on (07) 4970 0700.

Yours faithfully



**H A ROBERTSON  
MANAGER DEVELOPMENT SERVICES**

**ADOPTED INFRASTRUCTURE CHARGE NOTICE**

**Planning Act 2016 s120 and s121**  
**State Planning Regulatory Provision (adopted charges)**

This Adopted Infrastructure Charge Notice relates to Development Application No: DA/50/2019 approved on 7 July 2020, for Tourist Park (12 Guests (14 Sites and Lodge)) located at 135 Newtons Road, ROSEDALE QLD 4674 (Lot 15 RP 619121), calculated in accordance with the Gladstone Regional Council Adopted Infrastructure Charge Resolution (No. 1) - 2015 - Amendment No. 2.

ISSUED TO (APPLICANT):	Rick Drew Burnett Country Certifiers 12/58 Newton St MONTQ QLD 4630
LAND TO WHICH THE CHARGE RELATES:	Lot 15 RP 619121
LAND OWNER:	Ms D M Laurie
CALCULATION BREAKDOWN:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Charge Area #6</li> <li>• 4x \$8,900/ 3 campsites (12 campsites), 1x \$6,350/ 1-2 campsites (2 campsites), 1x \$8,900/3+ bed cabin = \$50,850.00</li> <li>• Credit \$17,800.00</li> </ul>
AMOUNT OF THE CHARGE:	\$33,050.00  (indexation will be applied as per Section 112 of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> ).
OFFSET:	Not Applicable to this development.
WHEN THE CHARGE IS PAYABLE:	The charge is payable before the abovementioned authorised use commences on the land (as per Section 122 of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> ).
PAYMENT OF CHARGE:	<p>Payment of this charge must be made to:-</p> <p>Gladstone Regional Council. PO Box 29 GLADSTONE DC QLD 4680</p> <p>Note: If paying by credit card a surcharge will apply.</p>

This notice will lapse if the development approval stops having effect.

### **APPEAL RIGHTS**

Attached is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* which details your appeal rights in relation to this Notice.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "H A Robertson". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized initial "H".

H A ROBERTSON  
**MANAGER DEVELOPMENT SERVICES**

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## **Subdivision 5      Changing charges during relevant appeal period**

### **124      Application of this subdivision**

This subdivision applies to the recipient of an infrastructure charges notice given by a local government.

### **125      Representations about infrastructure charges notice**

- (1) During the appeal period for the infrastructure charges notice, the recipient may make representations to the local government about the infrastructure charges notice.
- (2) The local government must consider the representations.
- (3) If the local government—
  - (a) agrees with a representation; and
  - (b) decides to change the infrastructure charges notice;the local government must, within 10 business days after making the decision, give a new infrastructure charges notice (a *negotiated notice*) to the recipient.
- (4) The local government may give only 1 negotiated notice.
- (5) A negotiated notice—
  - (a) must be in the same form as the infrastructure charges notice; and
  - (b) must state the nature of the changes; and
  - (c) replaces the infrastructure charges notice.
- (6) If the local government does not agree with any of the representations, the local government must, within 10 business days after making the decision, give a decision notice about the decision to the recipient.
- (7) The appeal period for the infrastructure charges notice starts again when the local government gives the decision notice to the recipient.

## **126 Suspending relevant appeal period**

- (1) If the recipient needs more time to make representations, the recipient may give a notice suspending the relevant appeal period to the local government.
- (2) The recipient may give only 1 notice.
- (3) If the representations are not made within 20 business days after the notice is given, the balance of the relevant appeal period restarts.
- (4) If representations are made within the 20 business days and the recipient gives the local government a notice withdrawing the notice of suspension, the balance of the relevant appeal period restarts the day after the local government receives the notice of withdrawal.

## **Division 3 Development approval conditions about trunk infrastructure**

### **Subdivision 1 Conditions for necessary trunk infrastructure**

#### **127 Application and operation of subdivision**

- (1) This subdivision applies if—
  - (a) trunk infrastructure—
    - (i) has not been provided; or
    - (ii) has been provided but is not adequate; and
  - (b) the trunk infrastructure is or will be located on—
    - (i) premises (the *subject premises*) that are the subject of a development application, whether or not the infrastructure is necessary to service the subject premises; or
    - (ii) other premises, but is necessary to service the subject premises.

## **Schedule 1      Appeals**

section 229

### **1      Appeal rights and parties to appeals**

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
  - (a) the P&E court; or
  - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
  - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (d) a development condition if—
    - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

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- (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
  - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
  - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
  - (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—
    - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
    - (ii) under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*; or
  - (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
  - (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
  - (l) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
- (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
    - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
    - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

Schedule 1

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- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
  - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
  - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
  - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
  - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.
- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—  
*storey* see the Building Code, part A1.1.

<b>Table 1</b> <b>Appeals to the P&amp;E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</b>
1. Development applications For a development application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against— <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or</li><li>(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or</li><li>(c) a provision of the development approval; or</li><li>(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.</li></ul>



<b>Table 1 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</b>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The assessment manager	If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency	<p>1 A concurrence agency that is not a co-respondent</p> <p>2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager</p> <p>3 Any eligible advice agency for the application</p> <p>4 Any eligible submitter for the application</p>
<p>2. Change applications</p> <p>For a change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the responsible entity's decision on the change application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of the change application.</p>			

<b>Table 1 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</b>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the responsible entity is the assessment manager—an affected entity that gave a pre-request notice or response notice</p>	<p>The responsible entity</p>	<p>If an affected entity starts the appeal—the applicant</p>	<p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application</p> <p>2 If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager</p> <p>3 A private certifier for the development application</p> <p>4 Any eligible advice agency for the change application</p> <p>5 Any eligible submitter for the change application</p>
<p>3. Extension applications</p> <p>For an extension application other than an extension application called in by the Minister, an appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the assessment manager’s decision on the extension application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of the extension application.</p>			

<b>Table 1 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</b>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 The applicant 2 For a matter other than a deemed refusal of an extension application—a concurrence agency, other than the chief executive, for the application</p>	<p>The assessment manager</p>	<p>If a concurrence agency starts the appeal—the applicant</p>	<p>If a chosen assessment manager is the respondent—the prescribed assessment manager</p>
<p><b>4. Infrastructure charges notices</b>            An appeal may be made against an infrastructure charges notice on 1 or more of the following grounds—</p> <p>(a) the notice involved an error relating to—</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(i) the application of the relevant adopted charge; or</p> <p><i>Examples of errors in applying an adopted charge—</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the incorrect application of gross floor area for a non-residential development</li> <li>• applying an incorrect ‘use category’, under a regulation, to the development</li> </ul> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(ii) the working out of extra demand, for section 120; or</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">(iii) an offset or refund; or</p> <p>(b) there was no decision about an offset or refund; or</p> <p>(c) if the infrastructure charges notice states a refund will be given—the timing for giving the refund; or</p> <p>(d) for an appeal to the P&amp;E Court—the amount of the charge is so unreasonable that no reasonable relevant local government could have imposed the amount.</p>			

<b>Table 1</b>			
<b>Appeals to the P&amp;E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal</b>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the infrastructure charges notice	The local government that gave the infrastructure charges notice	—	—
<p>5. Conversion applications</p> <p>An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) the refusal of a conversion application; or</p> <p>(b) a deemed refusal of a conversion application.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant	The local government to which the conversion application was made	—	—
<p>6. Enforcement notices</p> <p>An appeal may be made against the decision to give an enforcement notice.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The person given the enforcement notice	The enforcement authority	—	If the enforcement authority is not the local government for the premises in relation to which the offence is alleged to have happened—the local government

<b>Table 2 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court only</b>			
<p><b>1. Appeals from tribunal</b></p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of a tribunal, other than a decision under section 252, on the ground of—</p> <p>(a) an error or mistake in law on the part of the tribunal; or</p> <p>(b) jurisdictional error.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A party to the proceedings for the decision	The other party to the proceedings for the decision	—	—
<p><b>2. Eligible submitter appeals</b></p> <p>For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against the decision to approve the application, to the extent the decision relates to—</p> <p>(a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or</p> <p>(b) a variation request.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency's referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>

**Table 2  
Appeals to the P&E Court only**

3. Eligible submitter and eligible advice agency appeals

For a development application or change application other than an excluded application, an appeal may be made against a provision of the development approval, or a failure to include a provision in the development approval, to the extent the matter relates to—

(a) any part of the development application or change application that required impact assessment; or

(b) a variation request.

Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 For a development application—an eligible submitter for the development application</p> <p>2 For a change application—an eligible submitter for the change application</p> <p>3 An eligible advice agency for the development application or change application</p>	<p>1 For a development application—the assessment manager</p> <p>2 For a change application—the responsible entity</p>	<p>1 The applicant</p> <p>2 If the appeal is about a concurrence agency’s referral response—the concurrence agency</p>	<p>Another eligible submitter for the application</p>

4. Compensation claims

An appeal may be made against—

(a) a decision under section 32 about a compensation claim; or

(b) a decision under section 265 about a claim for compensation; or

(c) a deemed refusal of a claim under paragraph (a) or (b).

<b>Table 2 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court only</b>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person dissatisfied with the decision	The local government to which the claim was made	—	—
<p>5. Registered premises</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of the Minister under chapter 7, part 4.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
<p>1 A person given a decision notice about the decision</p> <p>2 If the decision is to register premises or renew the registration of premises—an owner or occupier of premises in the affected area for the registered premises who is dissatisfied with the decision</p>	The Minister	—	If an owner or occupier starts the appeal—the owner of the registered premises
<p>6. Local laws</p> <p>An appeal may be made against a decision of a local government, or conditions applied, under a local law about—</p> <p>(a) the use of premises, other than a use that is the natural and ordinary consequence of prohibited development; or</p> <p>(b) the erection of a building or other structure.</p>			

<b>Table 2 Appeals to the P&amp;E Court only</b>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who— (a) applied for the decision; and (b) is dissatisfied with the decision or conditions.	The local government	—	—

<b>Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only</b>			
<p><b>1. Building advisory agency appeals</b></p> <p>An appeal may be made against giving a development approval for building work to the extent the building work required code assessment against the building assessment provisions.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A building advisory agency for the development application related to the approval	The assessment manager	The applicant	<p>1 A concurrence agency for the development application related to the approval</p> <p>2 A private certifier for the development application related to the approval</p>



<b>Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only</b>			
<p><b>2. Inspection of building work</b> An appeal may be made against a decision of a building certifier or referral agency about the inspection of building work that is the subject of a building development approval under the Building Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
The applicant for the development approval	The person who made the decision	—	—
<p><b>3. Certain decisions under the Building Act and the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i></b> An appeal may be made against—</p> <p>(a) a decision under the Building Act, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act; or</p> <p>(b) a decision under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>, other than a decision made by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission, if an information notice about the decision was given or required to be given under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who received, or was entitled to receive, an information notice about the decision	The entity that made the decision	—	—
<p><b>4. Local government failure to decide application under the Building Act</b> An appeal may be made against a local government's failure to decide an application under the Building Act within the period required under that Act.</p>			

<b>Table 3 Appeals to a tribunal only</b>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive notice of the decision	The local government to which the application was made	—	—
<p>5. Failure to make a decision about an application or other matter under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i></p> <p>An appeal may be made against a failure to make a decision under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>, other than a failure by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission to make a decision, within the period required under that Act, if an information notice about the decision was required to be given under that Act.</p>			
Column 1 Appellant	Column 2 Respondent	Column 3 Co-respondent (if any)	Column 4 Co-respondent by election (if any)
A person who was entitled to receive an information notice about the decision	The entity that failed to make the decision	—	—

